2nd Study Commission questionnaire – 1981

- 1. How does your legal system afford care and protection for mentally disordered persons?
- 2. How is involuntary commitment to mental institutions regulated? How does the commitment procedure try to reconcile needs for protecting measures and for reasonably adequate procedural safeguards?
- 3. Does your law authorize summary commitment on the simple certificate of a doctor, to get an immediate emergency hospitalization?
- 4. What degree of mental incapacity can justify the civil commitment of a disordered person? How can formal commitment come to an end?
- 5. How does your law organize the treatment of persons addicted to narcotic drugs?
- 6. How does your legal system protect mentally disordered persons who lack capacity to menage their own affairs or to care for their estate?
 - Are there different degrees of protection or guardianship?
- 7. Can a guardian be appointed with reference either to the person or to the property of the patient, or both?
 - Who can start the procedure for the appointment of a guardian?
 - Can the afflicted person prepare a legal defence against such petition?
 - How can the guardianship concerning a mentally disordered person come to an end?
- 8. What are the powers of a guardian relating to the ward and his property?

 Can a guardian represent the ward in a civil proceeding, both as plaintiff or defendant?
- 9. How does your law consider the marriage of a ward and the contracts, conveyances and wills made by him?
- 10. As to mentally unsound persons who are not guardianship, does your law consider that the contracts or conveyances made by them are void or voidable?
 - Does your law consider that such persons lack capacity to dispose of property by will?
- 11. Can a marriage be annulled when one of the spouses was mentally disordered at the time of the ceremony?
- 12. Does your law recognize prolonged and incurable insanity occurring after marriage as a ground for divorce?
- 13. According to your legal system, are insane persons held liable for their torts and negligent harms?
- 14. Can insane persons give testimony in judicial proceedings?