

Questionnaire of the Fourth Commission.

Justifications and characteristics of entities competent to resolve labour and social security disputes.

1. What legal and / or judicial entities or authorities in your country have jurisdiction over labour and social security disputes?

2. a) If your country has labour and social security courts, are they separated or part of the general judicial system?

b) If your country has no labour and social security courts as part of the general judicial system, what, if any, means exist for resolving labour and social security disputes?

3. If your country has a system of labour and social security courts, what are the structural characteristics of that system?

What are the advantages and disadvantages in your country's systems for resolving the disputes? (for example: does each judge sit alone? Are lay judges in place as decision makers; ...and so on..(elaborate but do not limit your response to the above examples.)

4. a) Are there any movements in your country to modify your country's system for resolution in labour and social security disputes?

b) if no resolution system exists in your country, do you think it is necessary to create and develop one?

c) Is there any need to modify your current system for resolution in labour and social security disputes?